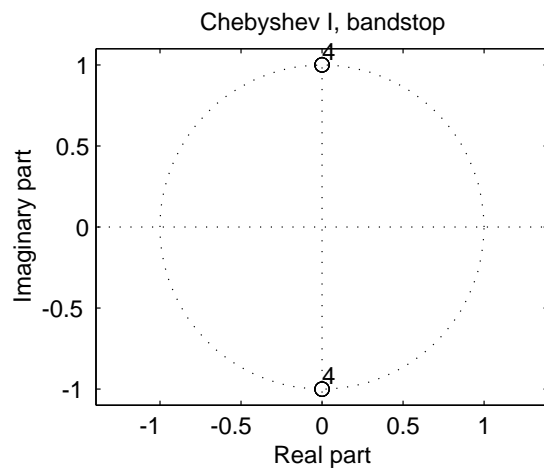
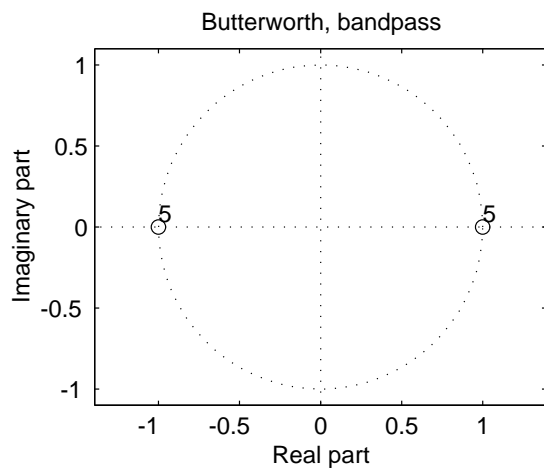
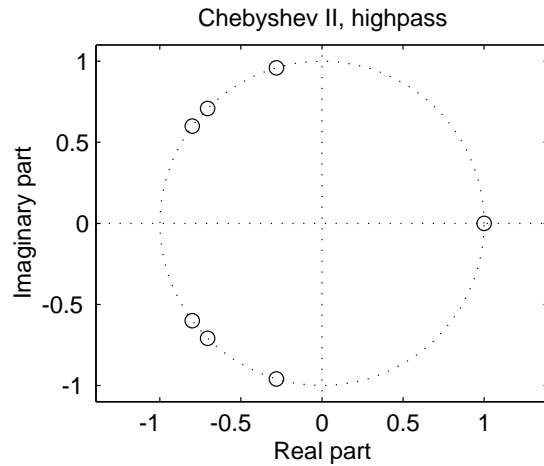
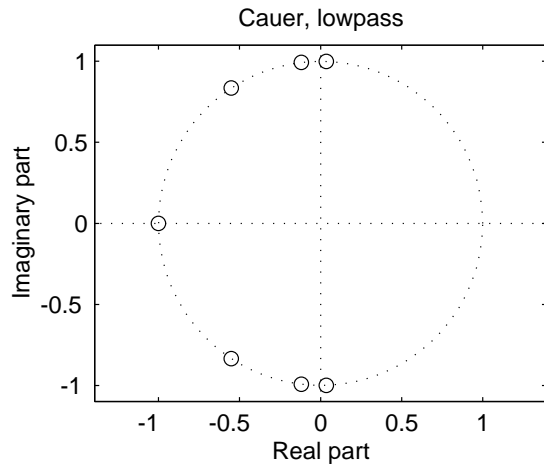


# TSEI07, Digitala Filter 2013-05-29, Solutions

1 a)



b) Linear phase Type I FIR filter, can not be used as highpass filter,  $|H(1)| = |H(-1)|$

c) FIR: + linear-phase, nonrecursive structures

– high order, long delays

IIR: + low order

– nonlinear-phase, recursive structures

2) Requirements for analog LP-filter:

$$\omega_{ac} = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{\omega_c T}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{0,1786\pi}{2}\right) \approx \frac{2}{T} 0,288095$$

$$\omega_{as} = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{\omega_s T}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{0,7143\pi}{2}\right) \approx \frac{2}{T} 2,076521$$

Filter order: nomogram  $\Rightarrow N = 4$

Normalized poles:

$$s_{2,3}^* = -0,1753531 \pm j1,016253$$

$$s_{3,4}^* = -0,4233398 \pm j0,4209457$$

Zeros: 4 zeros i at  $S = \infty$

Denormalize with  $\omega_{ac} \Rightarrow$

Poles:

$$s_{2,3} = -0,0505183 \pm j0,2927774$$

$$s_{3,4} = -0,1219621 \pm j0,1212724$$

Zeros: 4 zeros at  $s = \infty$

Transform into digital filter

$$z = \frac{1 + \frac{sT}{2}}{1 - \frac{sT}{2}}$$

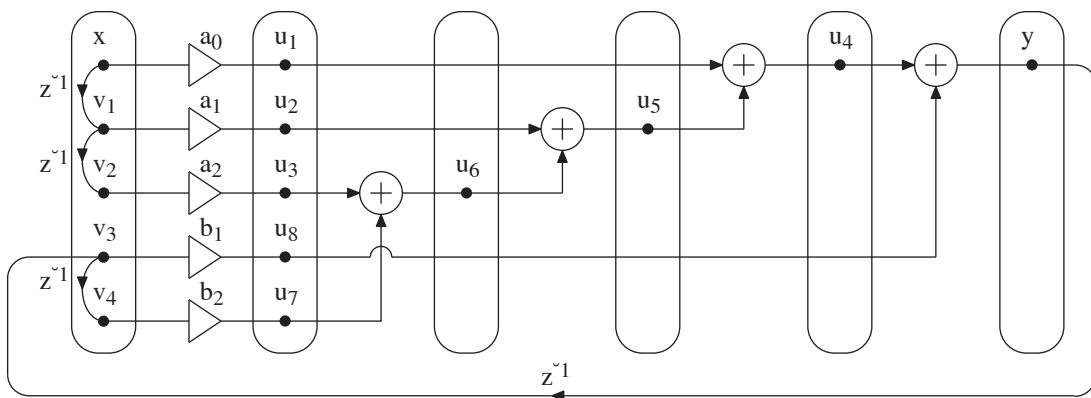
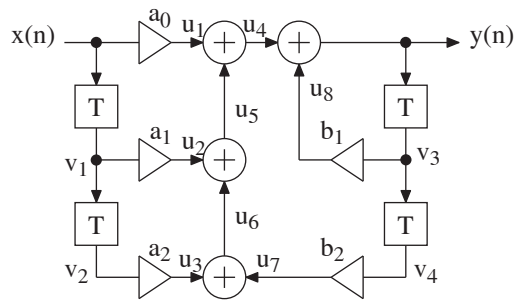
Poles:

$$z_{2,3} = 0,7666052 \pm j0,4923494$$

$$z_{3,4} = 0,7620053 \pm j0,1904544$$

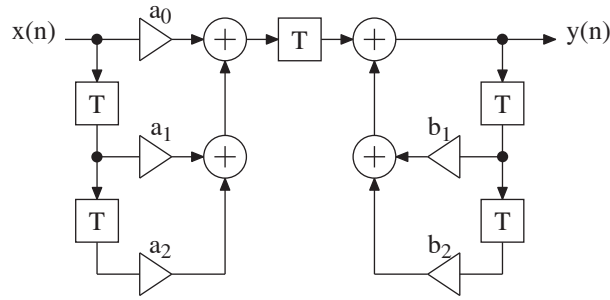
Zeros: 4 zeros at  $z = -1$

3 a)



b)  $T_{CP} = T_{mult} + 4T_{add} = 0.22 \mu s$ ,  $T_{min} = 0.5[T_{mult} + 4T_{add}] = 0.11 \mu s$

c)



4) Requirements for the analog reference filter:

$$\omega_{arc} = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{\omega_c T}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{0,85\pi}{2}\right) \approx \frac{2}{T} 4,165300$$

$$\omega_{ars} = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{\omega_s T}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{T} \tan\left(\frac{0,52\pi}{2}\right) \approx \frac{2}{T} 1,064882$$

LP specification

$$\Omega_c = \frac{\omega_f^2}{\omega_{arc}}, \quad \Omega_s = \frac{\omega_f^2}{\omega_{ars}}$$

$$\text{Select } \Omega_c = 1 \Rightarrow \omega_f^2 = \omega_{arc}, \quad \Omega_s = \frac{\omega_{arc}}{\omega_{ars}}$$

Requirements on  $\omega_{ars}$  and  $A_{min} \Rightarrow 15 \leq \Theta \leq 15$

Normalized element values

$$C'_1 = C'_3 = 0.9944, \quad C'_2 = 0.0463, \quad L'_2 = 1.0941$$

Denormalize with  $R = 1$ ,  $\omega_0 = \Omega_c = 1 \Rightarrow$

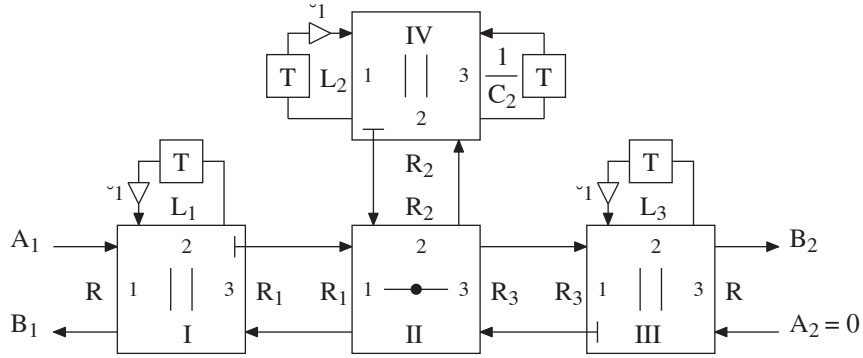
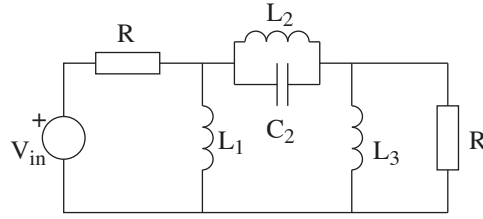
$$C_1 = C_3 = 0.9944, \quad C_2 = 0.0463, \quad L_2 = 1.0941$$

LP to HP transformation

$$C \rightarrow \frac{1}{\omega_f^2 L}, \quad L \rightarrow \frac{1}{\omega_f^2 C}$$

$$L_1 = L_3 = 0.2414308, \quad L_2 = 5.185286, \quad C_2 = 0.2194304$$

Reference highpass filter and corresponding wave flow graph



Adaptor coefficients

$$\text{I: } R_1 = (1/L_1 + 1/R)^{-1} = 0,194478$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{2/R}{1/R + 1/L_1 + 1/R_1} = 0,194478$$

$$\alpha_2 = 1 - \alpha_1 = 0,805522$$

$$\alpha_3 = 1$$

$$\text{III: } R_3 = (1/L_3 + 1/R)^{-1} = 0,194478$$

$$\alpha_1 = 1$$

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{2/L_3}{1/R + 1/L_3 + 1/R_3} = 0,805522$$

$$\alpha_3 = 1 - \alpha_2 = 0,194478$$

$$\text{IV: } R_2 = (1/L_2 + C_2)^{-1} = 2,42551$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{2/L_2}{1/R_2 + 1/L_2 + C_2} = 0,467769$$

$$\alpha_2 = 1$$

$$\alpha_3 = 1 - \alpha_1 = 0,532231$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{2R_1}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = 0,138199$$

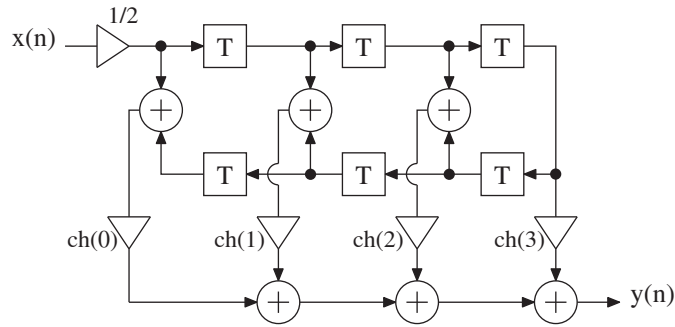
$$\text{II: } \alpha_2 = \frac{2R_2}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = 1,723603$$

$$\alpha_3 = 1 - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 = 0,138199$$

5 a) The filter is scaled according to the figure below where

$$c = \frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{0,51} \approx 3,92$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} |h(n)|$$



b) SNR at the output before scaling:

$$\text{SNR}_1 = 10 \log_{10} \left( \frac{\sigma_x^2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} h^2(n)}{4\sigma_e^2} \right)$$

SNR at the output after scaling:

$$\text{SNR}_2 = 10 \log_{10} \left( \frac{\sigma_x^2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 h^2(n)}{4\sigma_e^2} \right)$$

Difference:

$$\text{SNR}_2 - \text{SNR}_1 = 10 \log_{10} \left( \left(\frac{c}{2}\right)^2 \right) = 20 \log_{10} (3,92/2) \approx 5,84 \text{ dB}$$

6 a)

$$H(z) = \left( \frac{-\alpha_0 z + 1}{z - \alpha_0} \right) + \left( \frac{-\alpha_1 z^2 - \alpha_2 (1 - \alpha_1) z + 1}{z^2 - \alpha_2 (1 - \alpha_1) z - \alpha_1} \right)$$

$$\alpha_0 = p_0 = -0,7149986$$

$$\alpha_1 = -p_1 p_2 = -0,7571239, \quad \alpha_2 = \frac{p_1 + p_2}{1 - \alpha_1} = -0,8088585$$

b)



7)

